The Wayback Machine - https://web.archive.org/web/20100620053035/http://dallasfed.org/data/outlook/2007/tmos0705.html

HOME | EMPLOYMENT | CONTACT US | FAQs | SITE MAP



About the Fed **Economic** Research

**Economic** Data

Banking Info

**Financial Services** 

**Publications** & Resources

Community **Affairs** 

🖨 🧊

**Economic** Education

Search

News & **Events** 

June 20, 2010

ou are here: FRB Dallas Home > Economic Data > Regional Data Resources > Texas Manufacturing Outlook Survey'

# ■ Economic Data

- Economic Data Home
- **Regional Data** Resources
- Regional Data by Topic
- Regional Data by State
- Dallas Fed Indexes
- U.S. Economic Data
- International Data
- Financial Data
- DataBasics
- Resources and Links

#### Tools

- E-mail Alerts
- E-mail This Page
- RSS Feeds
- Podcasts
- Videos
- View Printer-friendly Page

# **Texas Manufacturing Outlook Survey**

#### May 2007

## **Overall Manufacturing Activity Continues to Increase**

Texas factory activity continued to expand in May at about the same pace reported in April, according to the 125 business executives who responded to the Texas Manufacturing Outlook Survey. After strengthening in the first quarter, growth in overall manufacturing activity appears to have leveled off in the first two months of the second quarter. Indexes for production, volume of new orders, volume of shipments and company outlook in May were very similar to those in April.

The index for general business activity improved for the second consecutive month in May. Index values were also higher for growth rate of orders, unfilled orders and number of employees. In contrast, the index for capacity utilization drifted lower, falling from 25.2 in April to 19.2 in May, with 30 percent of firms reporting an increase and 10 percent reporting a decrease.

Survey results continue to suggest upward price pressure. The <u>raw materials price index</u> edged up from 39.1 to 40.8 in May, with 44 percent of the manufacturers reporting an increase and 3 percent reporting a decrease. The finished goods price index rose from 15.6 to 20 in May. Twenty-five percent of the respondents indicated higher selling prices, and only 5 percent reported price declines. Index values increased for both raw materials and finished goods prices six months from now. Forty-seven percent of responding firms expect higher raw materials prices in the future, while 34 percent said they believe finished goods prices will increase six months from now.

Sentiment on future business activity remained optimistic, although most of those indicators were slightly below last month's levels. Still, just over half of responding firms expect an increase in production and the volume of new orders six months from now.

The Dallas Fed conducts the Texas Manufacturing Outlook Survey monthly to obtain a timely assessment of the state's factory activity. Firms are asked whether output, employment, orders, prices and other indicators increased, decreased or remained unchanged over the previous month

For additional perspective on the survey, see "The Texas Manufacturing Outlook Survey: A Tool for Understanding the Economy" and "Made in Texas: The Natural Selection of Manufacturing."

Click on links in the table for greater details, including historical data.



# **A Primer**

The Texas Manufacturing Outlook Survey takes the pulse of an important segment of the nation's industrial sector. The state produced \$139.7 billion worth of manufactured goods in 2006, 8.7 percent of the U.S. total. Texas ranks second behind California in factory production and first as an exporter of manufactured products.

According to 2005 estimates, Texas turns out 19 percent of U.S. petroleum and coal products and nearly 15 percent of chemical products. The state also produces just over 13 percent of the nation's output of computer and electronics products, nearly 10 percent machinery, and 10 percent nonmetallic mineral products, such as brick, glass and cement.

# **Texas Manufacturing:**

# Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas

BusinessOutlook**Surv**e

# **Current Report Links**

- Current report
- Summary of results/links to indexes

#### F-mail Alert

- Subscribe to the Texas Manufacturing Outlook Survey e-mail list

## **Texas Manufacturing Outlook Survey**

- Release dates
- Historical data
- Report archive
- About the index
- Glossary

7

- Sample survey form
- Texas manufacturing

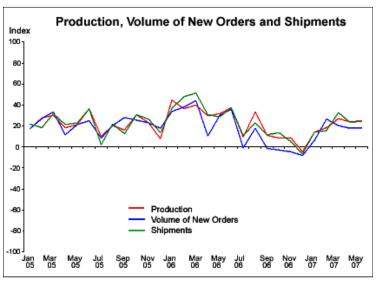
# Other Fed Indexes

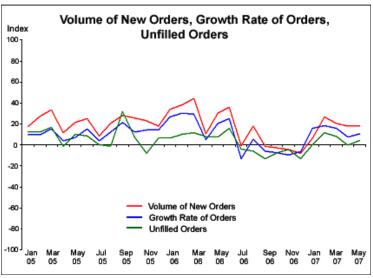
- Business Outlook Survey (FRB Philadelphia)
- Manufacturing Conditions Survey (FRB Richmond)
- **Empire State** Manufacturing Survey (FRB New York)
- Survey of Tenth **District Manufacturers** (FRB Kansas City)

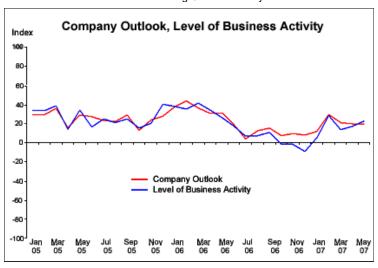
#### **Regional Data** Resources

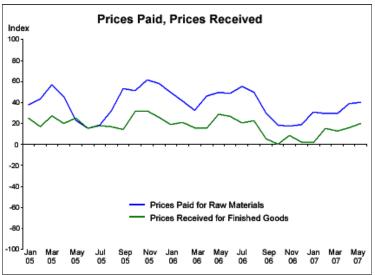
- Economic Updates
- Dallas Beige Book
- Metro Business-Cycle
- Texas Manufacturing **Outlook Survey**
- Quick Slide Show on the Regional Economy
- FRB Adjusted-Texas **Employment**
- DataBasics
- Regional Economic Indicators

				5			,			
Finished goods inventories	4.0	18.5	66.9	14.5	5.3	4.1	19.8	64.5	15.7	-1.8
Prices paid for raw materials	40.8	44.0	52.8	3.2	39.1	41.8	46.7	48.4	4.9	37.5
Prices received for finished goods	20.0	24.8	70.4	4.8	15.6	26.7	34.2	58.3	7.5	18.7
Wages and benefits	20.0	20.0	80.0	0.0	21.7	43.8	43.8	56.2	0.0	42.9
Number of employees	19.6	28.5	62.6	8.9	12.2	25.0	34.2	56.7	9.2	25.0
Average employee workweek	8.0	20.8	66.4	12.8	5.3	9.8	20.5	68.9	10.7	13.4
<u>Capital</u> <u>expenditures</u>	15.5	24.4	66.7	8.9	17.7	27.9	36.9	54.1	9.0	31.2
General Business Conditions:										
	May Index								% Worsened	
How has the outlook for your company changed?	17.6	27.2	63.2	9.6	18.2	29.2	39.8	49.6	10.6	25.0
What is your evaluation of the level of general business activity?		29.2	62.5	8.3	15.9	24.4	33.6	57.1	9.2	20.7









Questions regarding the Texas Manufacturing Outlook Survey can be addressed to Fiona Sigalla at Fiona.Sigalla@dal.frb.org or 214-922-5166.

#### Note

The Texas Manufacturing Outlook Survey has not been produced for a long enough time period to assess the appropriateness of seasonal adjustment. Thus, while respondents are asked to adjust for normal seasonal variation, the month-to-month values of these indexes may include some normal seasonal variation that is not indicative of changes in the business cycle. Other Federal Reserve Bank business outlook indexes benefit from seasonal adjustment, and the Texas indexes will be seasonally adjusted if appropriate.

# Disclaimer/Privacy Policy

About the Fed | Economic Research | Economic Data | Banking Information | Financial Services | Publications & Resources | Community Affairs | Economic Education | News & Events

Home | Employment | Contact Us | FAQs | Site Map